# Pune VidyarthiGriha's <br> College of Science and Technology F.Y.B.M.S ( Semester-I) ( Regular) -2023-24 

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING
Q.P. CODE: UBCOMFSI. 1

Time: $2^{11 / 2}$ hours

Date 01/11/2023
Total Marks: 75
N.B :-

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary and state the assumptions made.
3. Numbers to the right indicate marks.
4. Use of Non-programmable calculators Is allowed.

## Q.1. A) Select the correct alternative and rewrite the sentence (Any Eight) 8marks

1. Purchase of Rawmaterial Rs $2,00,000$ is $\qquad$
a) Capital Expenditure
b) Capital Receipt
c) Revenue Expenditure (d) Revenue Receipt
2. Gross Loss is transferred to the $\qquad$ A/C.
a) Trading $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
b) P\&L A/C
C) Cash $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
d) Capital $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
3. Under $\qquad$ Method depreciation is calculate on Reducing Balance methods.
a) Scrap Methods b) Straight line method c) Reducing balance method d) None of these
4. Purchase of Raw Material Rs $2,00,000$ is posted in $\qquad$ A/c,
a) Trading $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
b) Profit \& loss a/c
c) Manufacturing A/c
d) Capital $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
5. Depreciation on Machinery is generally recorded in $\qquad$ .
a) Trading A/c
b) Profit \& loss a/c
c) Manufacturing $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
d) Capital $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
6. Bad Debts is $\qquad$ A/c.
a) Personal
b) Real
c) Nominal
(d) Capital
7. Cash withdrawn from business for personal purpose is termed as $\qquad$ .
a) Capital
b) Drawings
c) Liability
d) Profit

8 .All Liabilities generally have $\qquad$ balances.
a) Debit
b) Credit
c) Zero
(d) None of these
9. Sale of Scrap Rs 5,000 is posted in $\qquad$ A/c,
a) Trading $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
b) Profit \& loss a/c
c) Manufacturing $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$
d) Capital $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$

10 Credit Books records only $\qquad$ Transactions
a) Cash
b) Credit
c) Compensating d) Barter

## Q.1.B. State whether the following statement True or False (any seven) 7 Marks

1. Income have normally credit balance.
2. Under Diminishing Balance method, the depreciation amount changes ..
3. Outstanding Audit fees is an Liabilities
4. Productive Wages is Management A/c
5. Drawing is an Nominal $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$.
6.capital work in progress is treated as capital expenditure
6. The entry which is recorded on both the side of Cash book is called Contra Entry.
8.carriage outward is a Nominal account .
7. Credit transactions are Recorded in cash books
8. The credit balance of bank $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{c}$ is called as bank overdraft .

## Q.2. Journalise the following transaction in the book of Mr. Nandu for the month of June 2023. 15 Marks

$1^{\text {st }}$ June . Mr.Nandu started his business with cash Rs $1,00,000$ Goods Rs 50,000 Furniture 50,000
$3^{\text {rd }}$ June. Cash With Drawn From bank For office use Rs 80000
$5^{\text {th }}$ June Purchase goods on credit from X ltd
Rs 10,000

| $7^{\text {th }}$ June sold goods on credit to Minarva Ltd | Rs 9,00,000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ June sold goods for cash | Rs 20,000 |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ June withdrawn from bank for personal use | Rs 10,000 |
| $25^{\text {th }}$ June paid wages to Mr. Ayaz | Rs 9000 |
| $26^{\text {th }}$ June good withdrawn for personal use | Rs 1000 |
| $27^{\text {th }}$ June. Received amount from Ramesh in bearer Cheque | Rs 20,000 |
| $28^{\text {th }}$ June. Paid Rent in Cheque | Rs 15,000 |

## OR

Q. 2 Record the following transactions in Double Column cash book for the month of May 2023 with cash and bank column in the book of suresh
$1^{\text {st }}$ Mr. Suresh has opening balance of cash Rs 4,40,,000 and bank Rs 4,00,00
$4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{He}$ opened an account in bank by depositing cash Rs $2,80,000$
$5^{\text {th }}$ Purchased Furniture worth $1,40,000$.
$6^{\text {th }}$ Installation charges paid on machinery Rs 1,000 .
$7^{\text {th }}$ Purchase goods worth Rs 40,000 from Mani on credit.
$11^{\text {th }}$ Goods worth Rs 20,000 were sold at $5 \%$ cash discount .
$14^{\text {th }}$ paid wages to worker Rs 10,000 .
$16^{\text {th }}$ Cheque Rs 3,000 received from Amar for interest.
$20^{\text {th }}$ Received from Ganesh a cheque of Rs 12,000 on account .
$25^{\text {th }}$ Sale of Car of Rs $1,00,000$.
$28^{\text {th }}$ Cash withdrawn from bank Rs 6,000 .
$30^{\text {th }}$ paid salary to staff Rs 4,000 by cheque.
Q. 3 state which of the following expenses/receipt are capital, revenue with reasons

15 Marks

1. Expenditure incurred on Purchase of Truck Rs 150,000
2. Profit earned on sale of machinery Rs 10,000
3. Cost of acquisition of Goodwill Rs $3,00,000$
4. Furniture of Rs $5,00,000$ sold for Rs $5,50,000$
5. Cost of Salary Paid Rs 15,000
6. Income tax Paid Rs 50,000
7. Supervision Charges Paid Rs 10,000
8. Amount of Rs $5,00,000$ received on sale of goods
9. Paid Rs $1,00,000$ on Purchase of rawmaterial
10. Received Rs $1,80,000$ on sale of raw material

## OR

Q.3. (A) Enter the following transaction in subsidiary book

8Marks August 2022

1 purchase goods from Archana Rs 60000
5 sold goods to Shreeyansi Rs 50000
7 Purchase goods for cash from Mr Monu 70000
10 Sold goods to Yojana Rs 10000
15 Return goods to Archana Rs 6000
20 Return goods from Shreeyansi Rs5000
22 Purchase goods from Rekha Rs 12000
25 Purchase furniture from Sawati Yogesh Rs 22000
27 Paid wages of rupees 10000 to Surabhi
28 Return goods to Rekha Rupees 1000

## Q.3. (B) State which the following expenses / Receipt are capital or Revenue with reason

 7 marks1 Purchase Furnitures of rupees 750000
2 Paid Salary of Rupees 10000
3 Bank loan Received Rupees 250000
4 Invested in share of TATA ltd of Rupees 100000
5 Received amount of Rupees 500000 from issue of equity share
6 Expenditure incurred on purchased of computer Rupees 250000
7 Income Tax Paid to the government Rupees 5,000
Q. 4 From the following Trial Balance as on 31.3.2023 of Padma, Prepare manufacturing, Trading, Profit \& Loss A/c and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31.3.2023:
( 15 Marks )

| Particular | Debit (Rs) | Credit (Rs) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Opening Stock of Raw materials | 64,000 |  |
| Opening Stock of Work-in-process | 12,000 |  |
| Opening Stock of Finished goods | 40,000 |  |
| Purchase of raw materials | $6,30,000$ |  |
| Sales |  | $10,00,000$ |
| Computer | 64,000 |  |
| Capital |  |  |
| Freight inward on Raw materials | 6,000 |  |
| Direct Wages | 48,000 |  |
| Factory Power and Fuel | 40,000 |  |
| Factory Rent | 36,000 |  |
| Factory Electricity | 42,000 |  |
| Machinery | $1,95,000$ |  |
| Drawings | 30,000 |  |
| Office salaries | 46,000 |  |


| Cash at Bank | 10,000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Selling Expenses | 26,000 |  |
| Bank charges | 14,000 |  |
| Discount Allowed | 10,000 |  |
| Creditors |  | 90,000 |
| Bad Debts | 4,000 | 4000 |
| Provision for Bad debts | 98,000 |  |
| Debtors |  | 92,000 |
| Bills Payable | 1,000 | 20,000 |
| Discount Received |  |  |
| Office Expenses | $14,16,000$ | $14,16,000$ |

## Other Information

1. Closing Stock of Raw materials Rs 16,000 ; Work-in-process Rs 10,000 and Finished goods Rs 28,000.
2. Outstanding Office expenses Rs 1,000 .

3 Depreciation on Machinery @ 10\% p.a. and compute @ $15 \%$ p.a.
4 Bad debt written off Rs 2,000 and R.D.D @ $5 \%$ on debtors.
Q.4. Modi prepare the following Trial balance on $31^{\text {st }}$ march 2023. Kindly verify It and prepare a revised Trial Balance .

| Particulars | Dr. Rs. | Cr. Rs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


Q. 5 A) What is Subsidiary books what are Its various types?

7 Marks
Q. 5 B) Distinguish between capital and revenue expenditure

## OR

## Q.5. Write Short notes on any three;

15 marks
A. capital expenditure
B. Straight line method.
C. Cash books.
D. Manufacturing Account
E. Revenue Receipt

